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NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS FOR WEAKLY SINGULAR HAMMERSTEIN EQUATIONS AND THEIR SUPERCONVERGENCE

HIDEAKI KANEKO, RICHARD D. NOREN AND YUESHENG XU

ABSTRACT. In the recent paper [7], it was shown that the solutions of weakly singular Hammerstein equations satisfy certain regularity properties. Using this result, the optimal convergence rate of a standard piecewise polynomial collocation method and that of the recently proposed collocation-type method of Kumar and Sloan [10] are obtained. Superconvergence of both of these methods are also presented. In the final section, we discuss briefly a standard product-integration method for weakly singular Hammerstein equations and indicate its superconvergence property.

1. Introduction. We consider the Hammerstein equation with weakly singular kernel

$$(1.1) \quad \varphi(s) - \int_a^b g_\alpha(|s-t|)k(s,t)\psi(t, \varphi(t)) dt = f(s), \quad a \leq s \leq b,$$

where

$$g_\alpha(s) = \begin{cases} s^{\alpha-1} & \text{for } 0 < \alpha < 1 \\ \log s & \text{for } \alpha = 1. \end{cases}$$

Throughout this paper, we assume that

- (i) $k \in C([a, b] \times [a, b])$
- (ii) $\psi \in C([a, b] \times (-\infty, \infty))$ and satisfies the Lipschitz condition $|\psi(t, y_1) - \psi(t, y_2)| \leq A|y_1 - y_2|$.

In the recent paper [7], it was shown that under assumptions (i), (ii) and

- (iii) $AG < 1$, where $G \equiv \sup_{a \leq s \leq b} \int_a^b |g_\alpha(|s-t|)k(s,t)| dt$,

there is a unique solution to equation (1.1).

Generalizing the argument of C. Schneider [14], regularity properties of the solution φ were also obtained in [7]. For our present purposes, these results can be summarized as follows: